



### **Data Insights: ECB and Euro Area Economy Monitor**

Thursday, September 11, 2025

<u>Today's monetary policy decision</u>: how the language changed from <u>prior meeting</u>

#### 24 July11 September 2025

The Governing Council today decided to keep the three key ECB interest rates unchanged. Inflation is currently at <u>around</u> the 2% medium-term target. The incoming information is broadly in line with <u>and</u> the Governing Council's <u>previous</u> assessment of the inflation outlook. <u>Domestic price pressures have continued to ease, with wages growing more slowly. Partly reflecting the Governing Council's past interest rate cuts, the economy has so far proven resilient overall in a challenging global environment. At the same time, the environment remains exceptionally uncertain, especially because of trade disputes is broadly unchanged.</u>

The new ECB staff projections present a picture of inflation similar to that projected in June. They see headline inflation averaging 2.1% in 2025, 1.7% in 2026 and 1.9% in 2027. For inflation excluding energy and food, they expect an average of 2.4% in 2025, 1.9% in 2026 and 1.8% in 2027. The economy is projected to grow by 1.2% in 2025, revised up from the 0.9% expected in June. The growth projection for 2026 is now slightly lower, at 1.0%, while the projection for 2027 is unchanged at 1.3%.

The Governing Council is determined to ensure that inflation stabilises at its 2% target in the medium term. It will follow a data-dependent and meeting-by-meeting approach to determining the appropriate monetary policy stance. In particular, the Governing Council's interest rate decisions will be based on its assessment of the inflation outlook and the risks surrounding it, in light of the incoming economic and financial data, as well as the dynamics of underlying inflation and the strength of monetary policy transmission. The Governing Council is not pre-committing to a particular rate path.

# Key ECB interest rates

The interest rates on the deposit facility, the main refinancing operations and the marginal lending facility will remain unchanged at 2.00%, 2.15% and 2.40% respectively.

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Asset purchase programme (APP) and pandemic emergency purchase programme (PEPP)
The APP and PEPP portfolios are declining at a measured and predictable pace, as the Eurosystem no longer reinvests the principal payments from maturing securities.

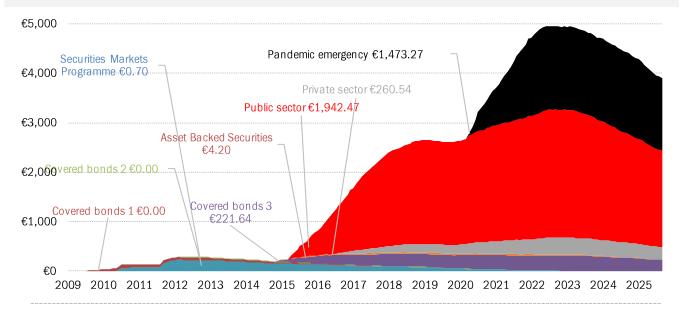
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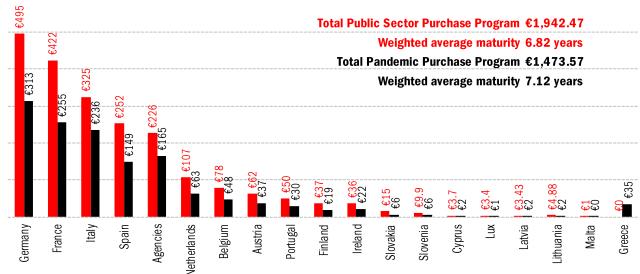
The Governing Council stands ready to adjust all of its instruments within its mandate to ensure that inflation stabilises at its 2% target in the medium term and to preserve the smooth functioning of monetary policy transmission. Moreover, the Transmission Protection Instrument is available to counter unwarranted, disorderly market dynamics that pose a serious threat to the transmission of monetary policy across all euro area countries, thus allowing the Governing Council to more effectively deliver on its price stability mandate.

The President of the ECB will comment on the considerations underlying these decisions at a press conference starting at 14:45 CET today.

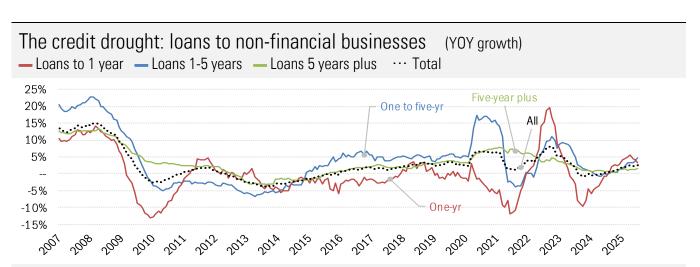
Source: ECB, TrendMacro analysis

# Euro-QE (€ billions)

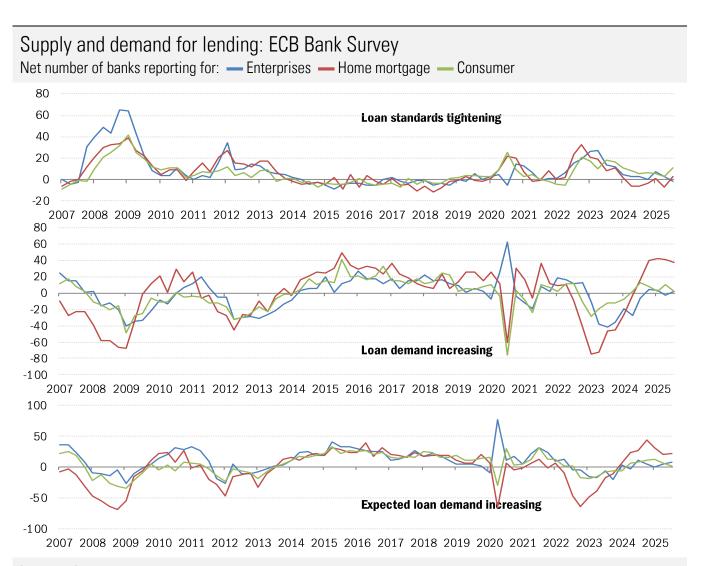




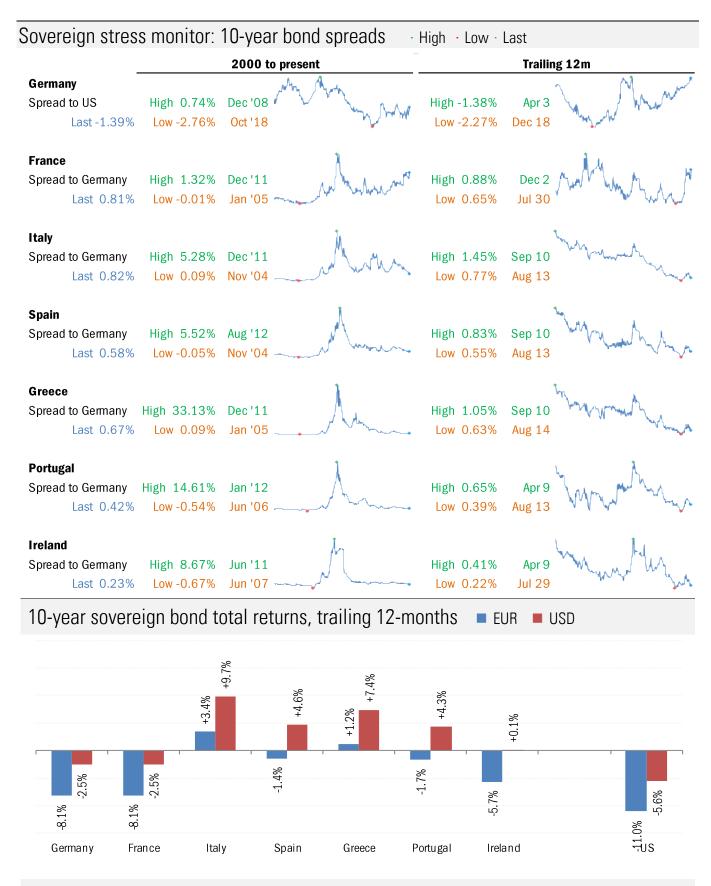
Source: ECB, TrendMacro calculations



Source: ECB, TrendMacro calculations



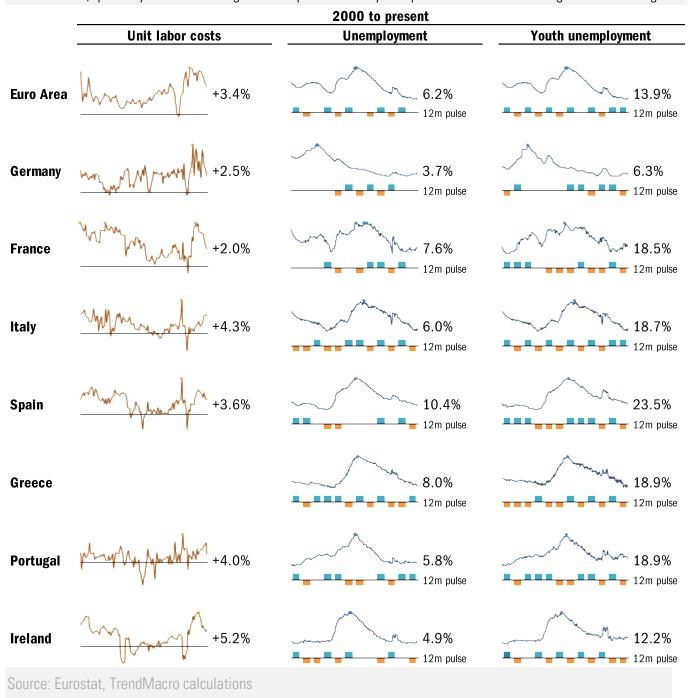
Source: ECB, TrendMacro calculations



Source: Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations

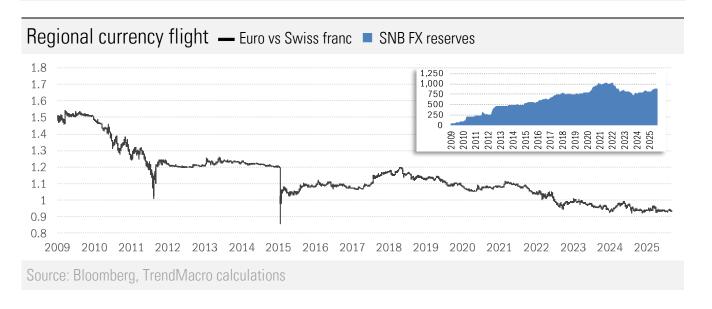
# Labor market in intensive care

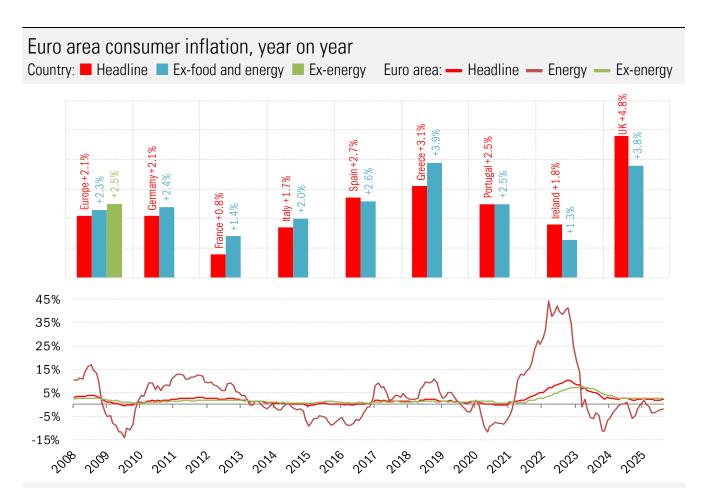
ULC: Nominal, quarterly YOY UE: · High 12m pulse: monthly ■improvement or ■worsening in rate of change



| Purchasing Manager Indices |      |      |                  |              |      |      |                                        |
|----------------------------|------|------|------------------|--------------|------|------|----------------------------------------|
| Manufacturing              | Last | Prev | 13-month history | Services     | Last | Prev | 13-month history                       |
| Eurozone Aug               | 50.7 | 49.8 |                  | Eurozone Aug | 50.5 | 51.0 |                                        |
| UK Aug                     | 47.0 | 48.0 |                  | UK Aug       | 54.2 | 51.8 |                                        |
| Germany Aug                | 49.8 | 49.1 |                  | Germany Aug  | 49.3 | 50.6 |                                        |
| France Aug                 | 50.4 | 48.2 | -                | France Aug   | 49.8 | 48.5 | \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ |
| Italy Aug                  | 50.4 | 49.8 |                  | Italy Aug    | 51.5 | 52.3 | \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ |
| Spain Aug                  | 54.3 | 51.9 |                  | Spain Aug    | 53.2 | 55.1 |                                        |
| Ireland Aug                | 51.6 | 53.2 |                  | Ireland Aug  | 50.6 | 50.9 |                                        |
| Sweden Aug                 | 55.0 | 52.1 |                  | Sweden Aug   | 53.4 | 49.0 | $\sim$                                 |
| Netherlands Aug            | 51.9 | 51.9 |                  |              |      |      |                                        |
| Austria Aug                | 49.1 | 48.2 |                  |              |      |      |                                        |
| Greece Aug                 | 54.5 | 51.7 |                  |              |      |      |                                        |
| Czech Rep Aug              | 49.4 | 49.7 |                  |              |      |      |                                        |



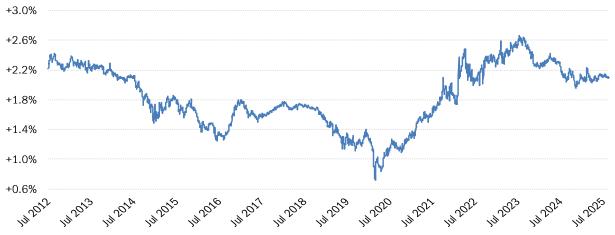




Source: Eurostat, TrendMacro calculations

# Draghi's old dashboard: Swap-implied inflation expectations since "Whatever it takes"

5-year inflation-swap rate, 5 years forward



Source: Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations