

Trend Macrolytics, LLC Donald Luskin, Chief Investment Officer Thomas Demas, Managing Director Michael Warren, Energy Strategist

Data Insights: Jobs Friday, June 6, 2025

Today's jobs data: wh	at you ne	ed to k	now			
Non-farm payrolls	Change May:	+139	Revision Apr: -30	0	Revision Mar: -65	
Private payrolls	Change May:	+140	Revision Apr: -2 ⁻	1	Revision Mar: -56	
Employment	Change May:	-696				I
Unemployment	Change May:	+71				Ш., « ₁ . к. «
Long -term unemployment	Change May:	-184				المرجولية ا
Civilian labor force	Change May:	-625	3.34 million above t	trend	More than all leavers employed	
Unemployment rate	May:	4.24%	Change May: +0).06%		\sim
Underemployment rate	May:	7.8%	Change May: un	nch		\frown
Participation rate	May:	62.4%	Change May: -0.	.2%		
UE adjusted for participation	May:	9.5%	Change May: +0).34%		\sim
Average weeks unemployed	May:	21.8	Change May: -1.	.4		
% longterm unemployed	May:	20.4%	Change May: -3.	.1%		$\sim \sim \sim$
Aggregate hours worked index	May:	117.1	Change May: +0).1%	Revision Apr: +0	~~~~
Average hourly earnings	May:	+0.42%	Change May: +0).22%	Revision Apr: +0.03%	\sim
Aggregate weekly earnings	May:	202.8	Change May: +0).5%	Revision Apr: +0.1	•
Monthly job-finding probability	May:	33.2%	Change May: +3	3.5%		\bigwedge
Monthly separation probability	May:	1.8%	Change May: +0).2%		$\bigwedge \checkmark \checkmark$
% involuntary part-time	May:	2.8%	Change May: -0.	.0%		$\bigwedge $
"Household" vs "Payroll" jobs	Change May:	-930				

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, TrendMacro calculations

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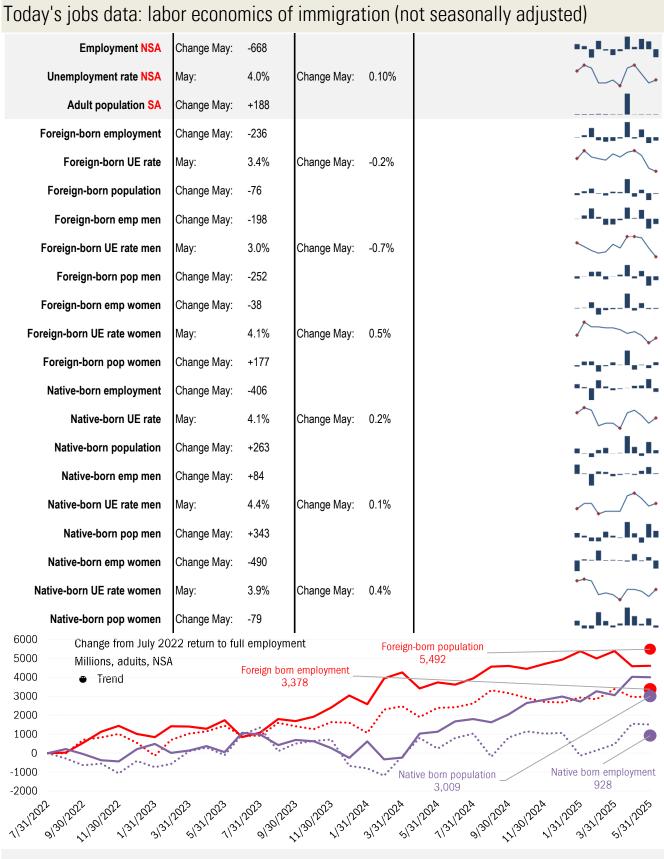
Today's jobs data: a d	eeper div	е					
Non-farm payrolls <mark>SA</mark>	Change May:	+139	Revision Apr:	-30	Revision Mar:	-65	
Non-farm payrolls NSA	Change May:	+726	Revision Apr:	-69	Revision Mar:	-9	·····
Birth-death adjustment	Adj for May:	+199					ալերե
Employment	Change May:	-696	1				
			Ohana Mara	0.000/			
Unemployment rate	May:	4.24%	Change May:	+0.06%			
White employment	Change May:	-593					* _ ***
White unemployment rate	May:	3.8%	Change May:	0.0%			
Black employment	Change May:	+56					and phases
Black unemployment rate	May:	6.0%	Change May:	-0.3%			
Hispanic employment	Change May:	+32					يتدادين
Hispanic unemployment rate	May:	5.1%	Change May:	-0.1%			$\bigwedge \bigvee \\$
Asian employment	Change May:	-85					I
Asian unemployment rate	May:	3.6%	Change May:	0.6%			
High school only employment	Change May:	-251					1 ¹¹ 11-1-1
HS only unemployment rate	May:	4.2%	Change May:	0.4%			$\wedge \land \land$
Men employment	Change May:	-247					يحواد ويعر
Men unemployment rate	May:	4.3%	Change May:	-0.1%			$\sim \sim \sim \sim$
Women employment	Change May:	-449					ومعاديدهم
Women unemployment rate	May:	4.2%	Change May:	0.2%			\sim

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, TrendMacro calculations

TrendMacro Payroll Model based on contemporaneous labor market statistics

ADP Payrolls	ISM Manu Employ Index	ISM Services Employ Index	Change continuing claims	Initial claims	Challenger Layoffs	NFIB Hiring Plans	NFIB Employ
+37	46.8	50.7	+28	241	94	12	+1
Model estimate	Actual	Beat(+) miss (-)					
+108	+139	+31					

Source: ADP, ISM, DOL, Challenger, NFIB, BLS, TrendMacro calculations



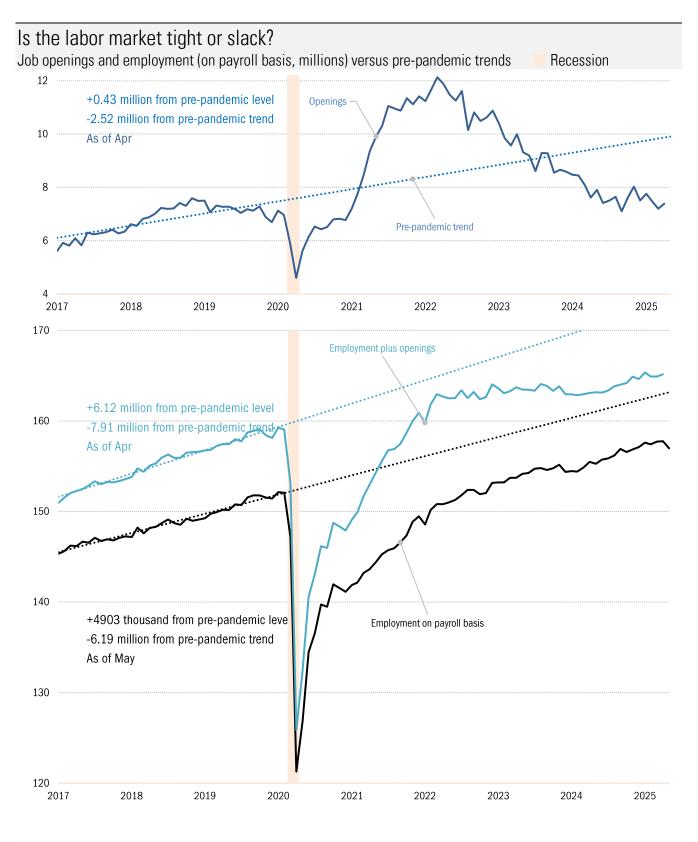
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, TrendMacro calculations

The DOGE effect?

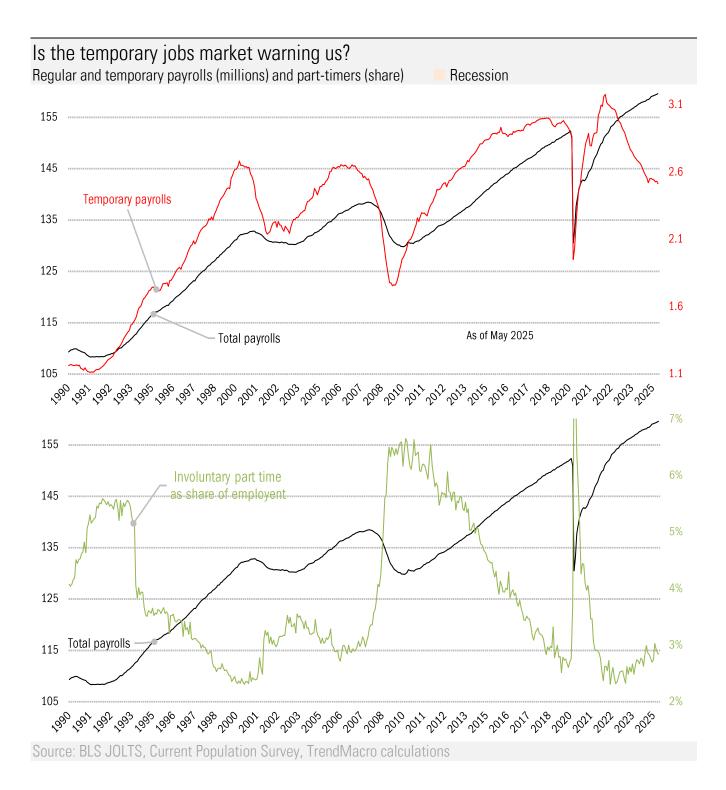
Change in jobless claims since Trump inauguration (Federal employees are not double-counted in state data)

35%		Vermont 1.4%	Share of year-end payrolls	
kansas 27%		Arkansas 0.5%		
Vermont 22%		DC 0.4%		
Texas3%		Texas0.0%		
Fed Govt 1%		Fed Govt 0.0%		
Hawaii 0%		Hawaii 0.0% I		
1	Oklahoma 0%		Oklahoma 0.0%	
1	Missouri-2%		Missouri 0.0%	
1	Maryland -4%		New York 0.0%	
	Oregon-4%	1	New Jersey 0.0%	
1	Washington -5%		Virginia 0.0%	
1	New York -5%	1	Florida 0.0%	
Cumulative federal	Colorado-6%		Maryland 0.0%	
	Florida -7%		Arizona 0.0%	
and federal-adjacent	S Carolina -8%		Alabama-0.1%	
	California-10%		S Carolina -0.1%	
job losses	Alabama -11%		N Carolina-0.1%	
100 103363	N Carolina-11%		Colorado -0.1%	
	Tennessee -12%		Tennessee -0.1%	
0.93 thousand	Kentucky -12%			
	Georgia -14%		Massachusetts-	
	Kansas -15%		0.1% Georgia-0.1%	
	Arizona -16%		Kentucky -0.1%	
	N Dakota -17%		Illinois -0.1%	
	Louisiana -20%		Washington -0.1%	
	Delaware -21%		Kansas -0.1%	
	Nebraska -22%		Louisiana -0.1%	
	New Jersey -22%		Nevada-0.2%	
	Utah-23%		Wisconsin -0.2%	
	Maine-24%		Utah-0.2%	
	New Mexico -24%		California -0.2%	
	Virginia -26%		Delaware -0.3%	
	Connecticut -29	%	Wyoming-0.4%	
	Pennsylvania -2		New Hampshire -	
	New Hampshi	re-	0.4% S Dakota -0.4%	
	32% Indiana -32%		Ohio -0.5%	
	Rhode Island		Connecticut-0.6%	
	Alaska -33%		Pennsylvania -0.6%	
	Wyoming-33		Nebraska -0.7%	
	Massachuse		Alaska -0.7%	
	lowa -34%		lowa -0.7%	
	Ohio -35%		Minnesota -1.0%	
	Nevada-3	5%	Rhode Island -1.0%	
	Minnesota -38%		Montana -1.3%	
		ississippi -45%	Michigan -1.4%	
		/est Virginia-46%	Mississippi -1.5%	
		Visconsin -46%	Indiana -1.5%	
		Michigan-53%	Idaho -1.9%	
		Illinois -53%	West Virginia -2.7%	
Percent change in claims		Montana-56%	Maine -3.3%	
U U			New Mexico -3.5%	
		S Dakota -59%	INEW INEXICO -3.5%)akota-7.

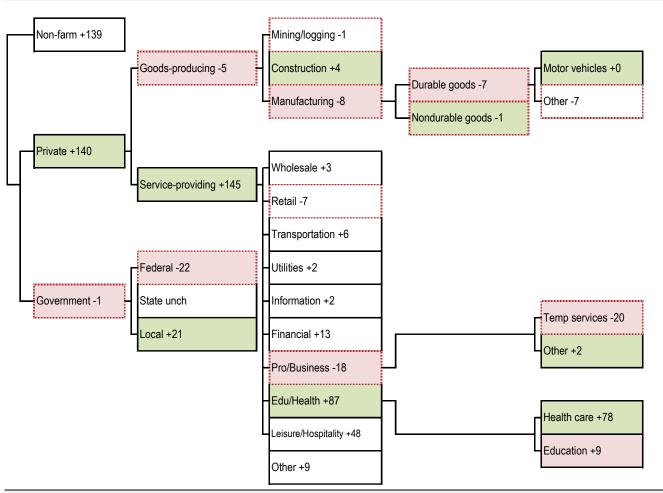
Source: Department of Labor, TrendMacro calculations



Source: BLS JOLTS, Current Population Survey, TrendMacro calculations

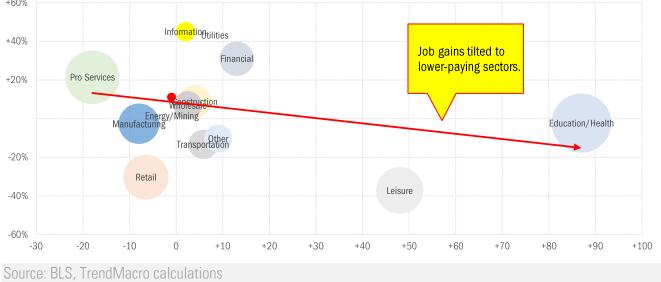


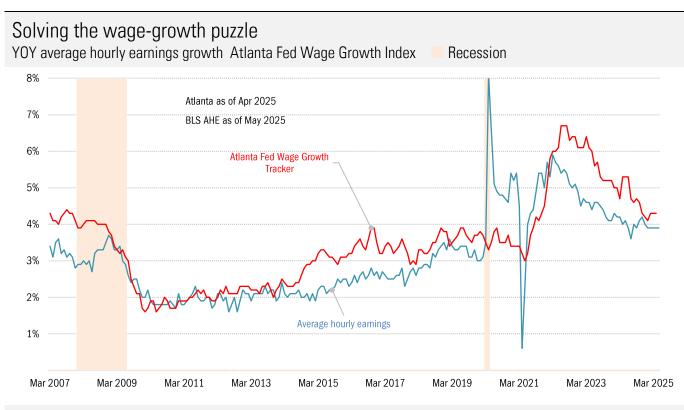
Today's payroll data: what you need to know -- where did the jobs come from? Sequential month change, thousands SA ---- Net job losses Biggest change per detail module: best worst



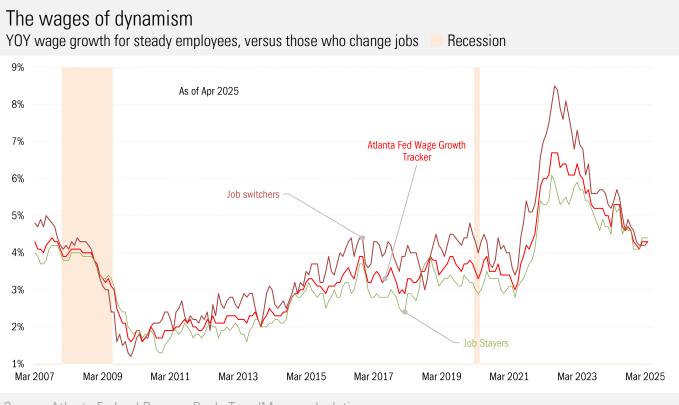
Where is the pay coming from?

Vertical: Hourly wages vs average Horizontal: Payrolls change this month Circle size: Share of all employment

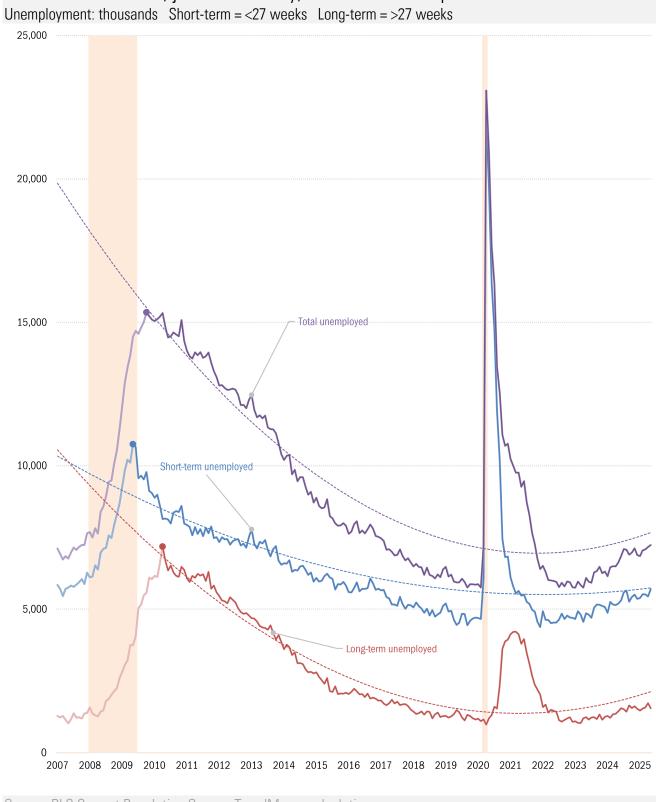




Source: BLS Current Employment Statistics, Atlanta Federal Reserve Bank, TrendMacro calculations

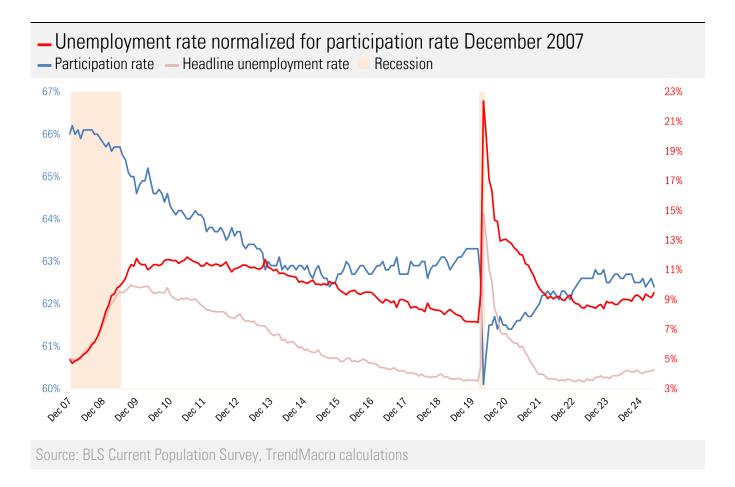


Source: Atlanta Federal Reserve Bank, TrendMacro calculations



The Great Recession, jobless recovery, the virus and the post-war boom Unemployment: thousands. Short-term = >27 weeks.

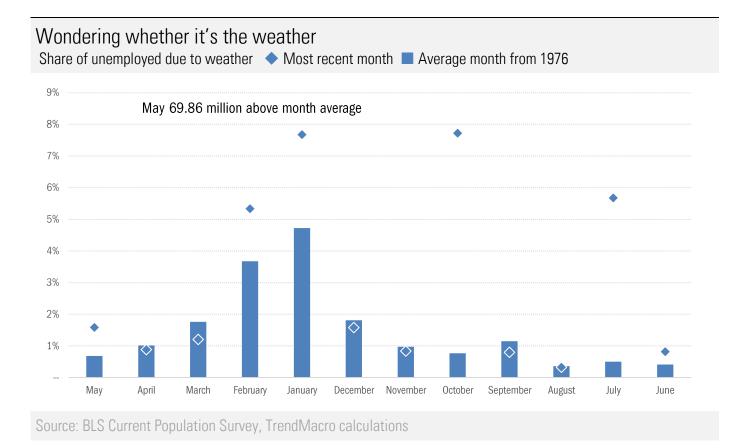
Source: BLS Current Population Survey, TrendMacro calculations

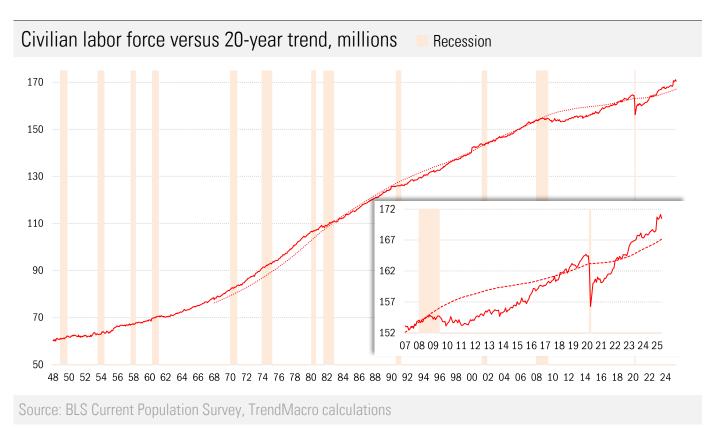


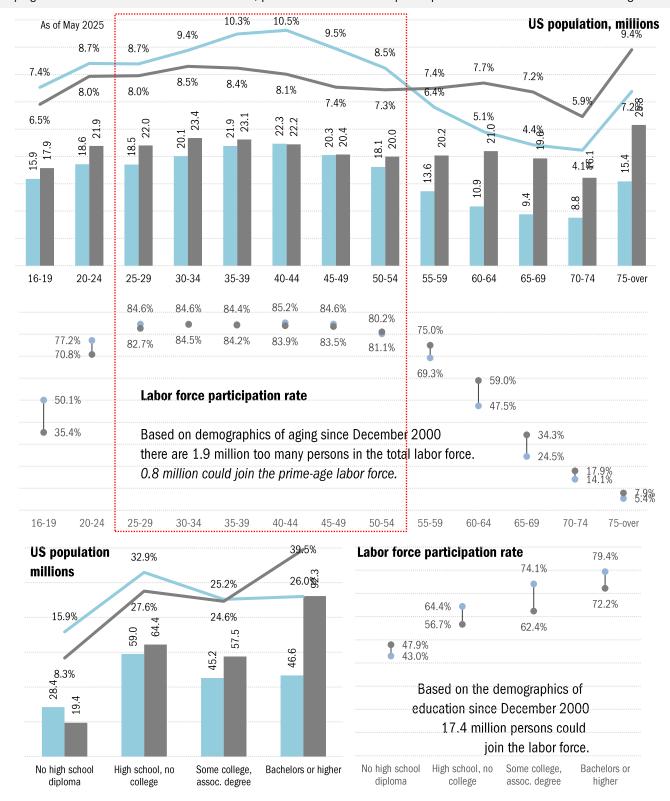
Winner and losers in the era of secular stagnation, and the virus crisis Change in total payrolls from prior business cycle peak, millions



Source: BLS, NBER, TrendMacro calculations







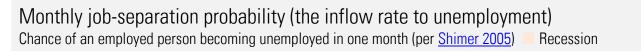
US labor force demographics: fading baby boom and its well-educated echo By age and education bracket: Dec 2000, peak in the labor force participation rate Latest Prime age

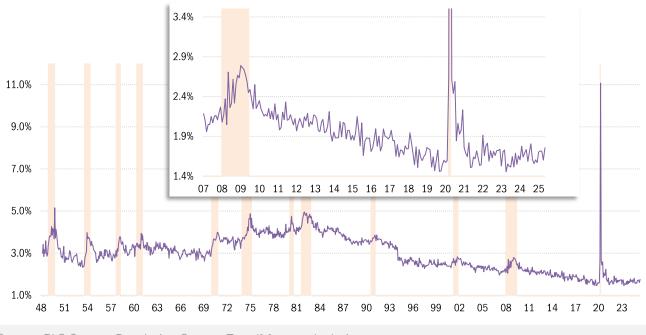
Source: BLS Current Population Survey, TrendMacro calculations



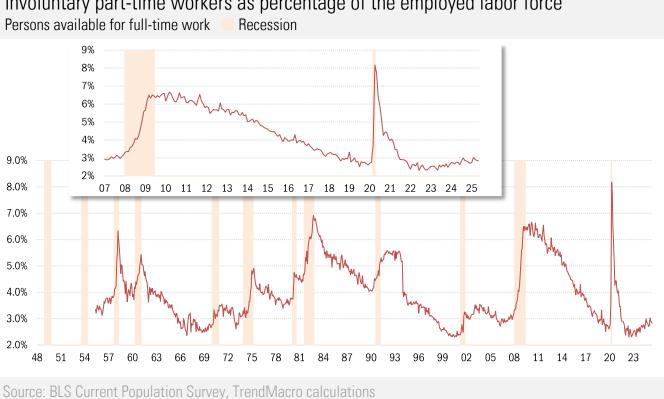
Monthly job-finding probability (the outflow rate from unemployment) Chance of an unemployed person becoming employed in one month (per Shimer 2005) Recession

Source: BLS Current Population Survey, TrendMacro calculations

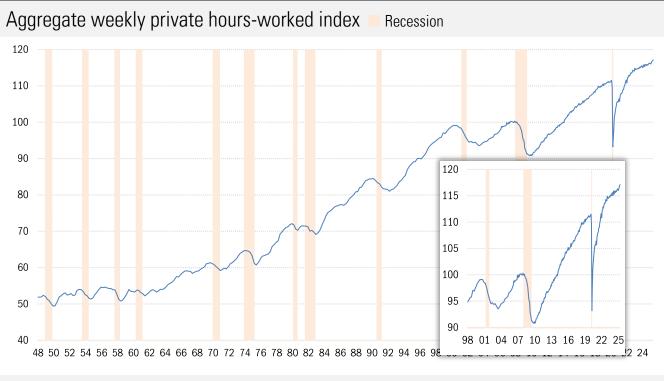




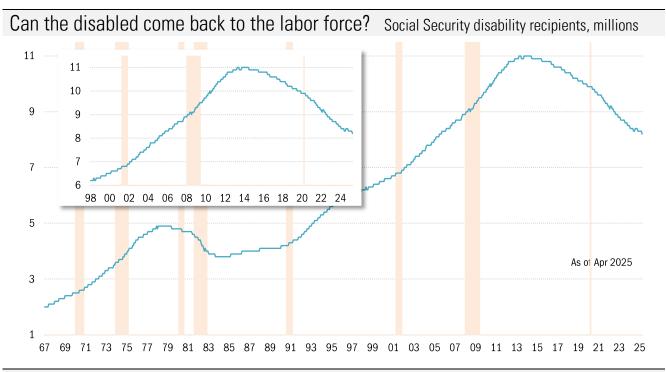
Source: BLS Current Population Survey, TrendMacro calculations



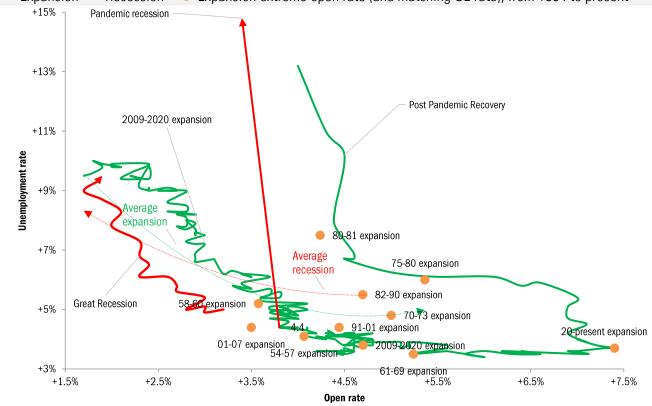




Source: BLS Productivity and Costs (quarterly) and Current Employment Stats (recent monthly), TrendMacro calcs



Running out of workers? The Beveridge Curve Cycle relationship between UE and job openings — Expansion — Recession — Expansion extreme open rate (and matching UE rate), from 1954 to present +15% a Pandemic recession —



Source: BLS Current Population Survey & JOLTS. Pre-2000:Conference Board normalized per <u>Valletta (2005)</u>, TrendMacro calculations