



Data Insights: Federal Reserve

Wednesday, June 12, 2023

<u>Today's FOMC statement</u>: how the language changed from <u>prior meeting</u>

May 01 June 12, 2024

Recent indicators suggest that economic activity has continued to expand at a solid pace. Job gains have remained strong, and the unemployment rate has remained low. Inflation has eased over the past year but remains elevated. In recent months, there has been a lack of modest further progress toward the Committee's 2 percent inflation objective.

The Committee seeks to achieve maximum employment and inflation at the rate of 2 percent over the longer run. The Committee judges that the risks to achieving its employment and inflation goals have moved toward better balance over the past year. The economic outlook is uncertain, and the Committee remains highly attentive to inflation risks.

In support of its goals, the Committee decided to maintain the target range for the federal funds rate at 5-1/4 to 5-1/2 percent. In considering any adjustments to the target range for the federal funds rate, the Committee will carefully assess incoming data, the evolving outlook, and the balance of risks. The Committee does not expect it will be appropriate to reduce the target range until it has gained greater confidence that inflation is moving sustainably toward 2 percent. In addition, the Committee will continue reducing its holdings of Treasury securities and agency debt and agency mortgage-backed securities. Beginning in June, the Committee will slow the pace of decline of its securities holdings by reducing the monthly redemption cap on Treasury securities from \$60 billion to \$25 billion. The Committee will maintain the monthly redemption cap on agency debt and agency mortgage-backed securities at \$35 billion and will reinvest any principal payments in excess of this cap into Treasury securities. The Committee is strongly committed to returning inflation to its 2 percent objective.

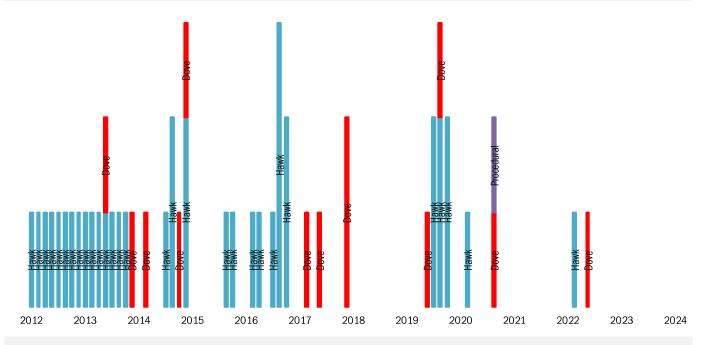
In assessing the appropriate stance of monetary policy, the Committee will continue to monitor the implications of incoming information for the economic outlook. The Committee would be prepared to adjust the stance of monetary policy as appropriate if risks emerge that could impede the attainment of the Committee's goals. The Committee's assessments will take into account a wide range of information, including readings on labor market conditions, inflation pressures and inflation expectations, and financial and international developments.

Voting for the monetary policy action were Jerome H. Powell, Chair; John C. Williams, Vice Chair; Thomas I. Barkin; Michael S. Barr; Raphael W. Bostic; Michelle W. Bowman; Lisa D. Cook; Mary C. Daly; Philip N. Jefferson; Adriana D. Kugler; Loretta J. Mester; and Christopher J. Waller.

Source: FRB, TrendMacro analysis

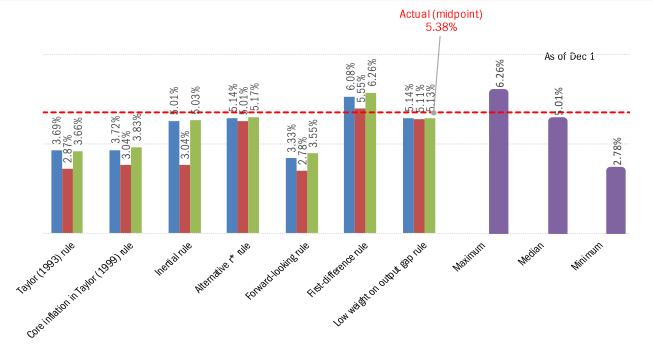
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Other voices: number and direction of FOMC decision dissents



Source: FOMC, TrendMacro calculations

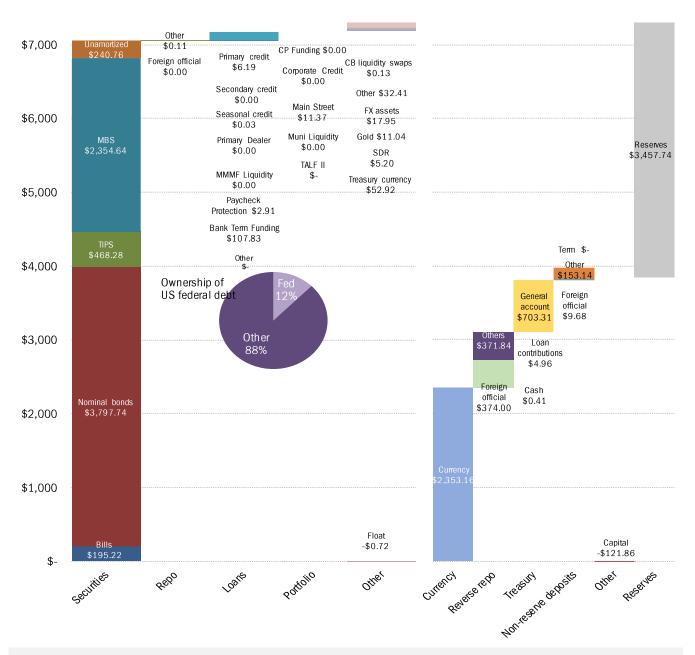




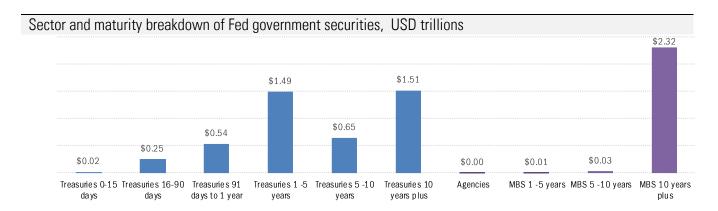
Source: Cleveland Fed, TrendMacro calculations

The Fed's assets, and how they are funded (USD billions)

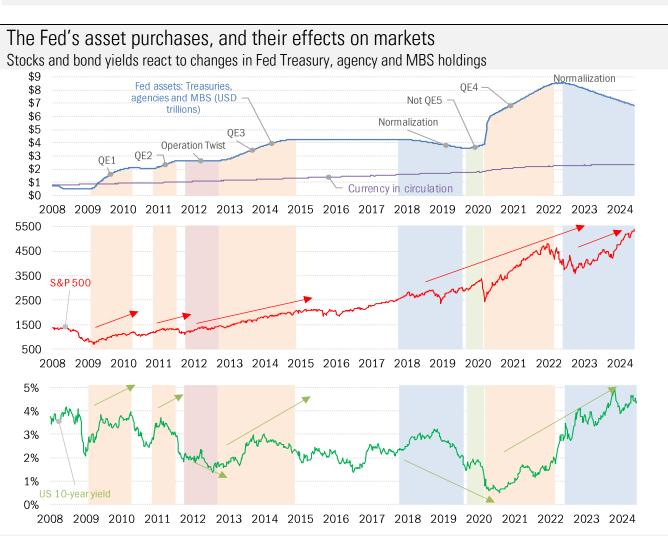




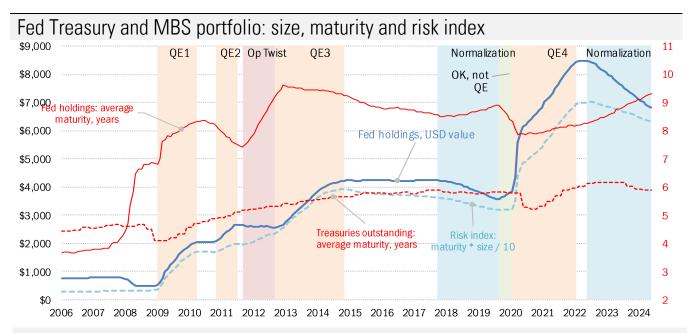
Source: Federal Reserve H.4, US Treasury, TrendMacro calculations



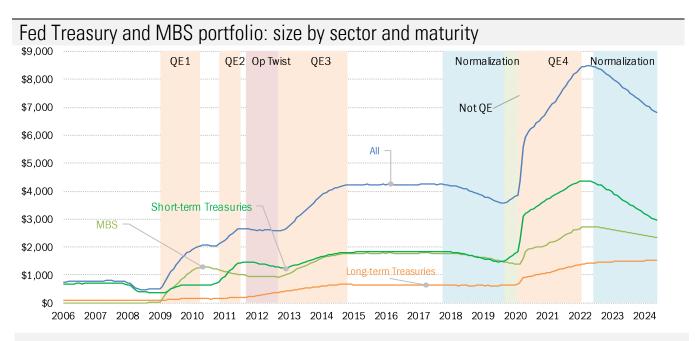
Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations



Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations



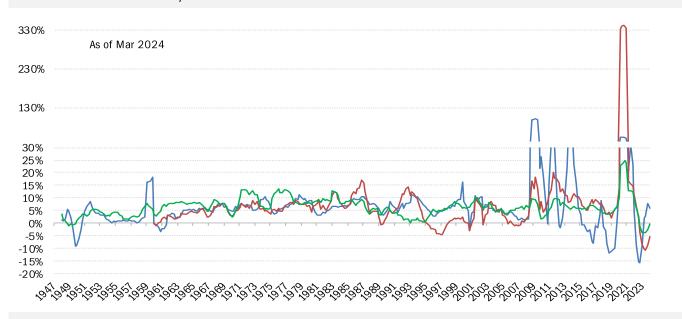
Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations



Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations

Money supply growth, YOY quarterly

— M1 — M2 — Monetary base



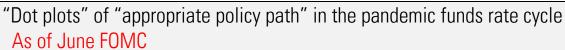
Source: Federal Reserve H.6, NBER, TrendMacro calculations

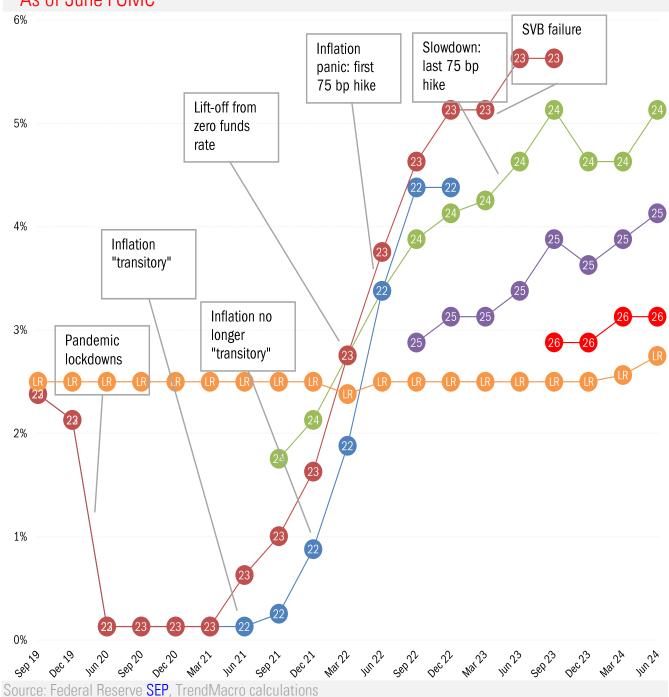
Monetary velocity, quarterly

Derived from the Equation of Exchange: M2 * V = P * NGDP



Source: BEA, Federal Reserve H.6, NBER, TrendMacro calculations

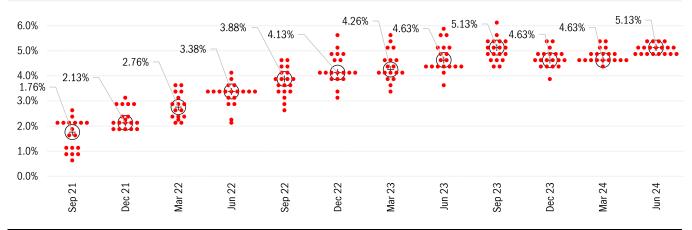


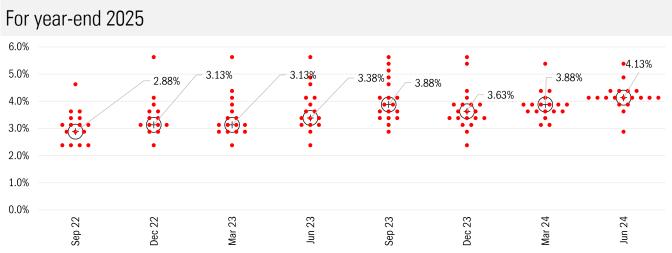


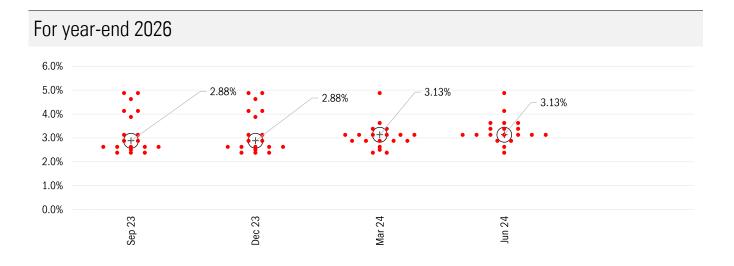
Tracking the "dotplots" in high-res As of June FOMC

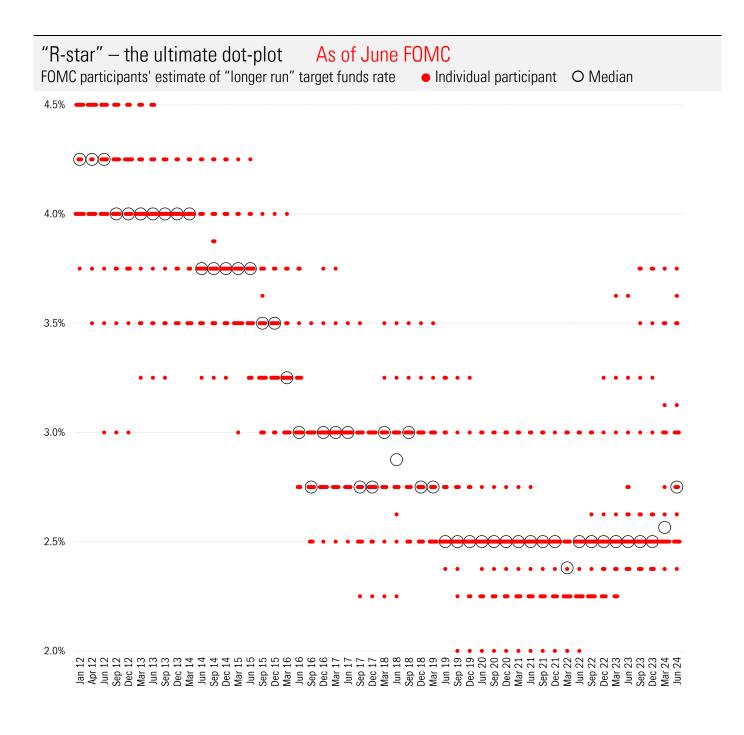
FOMC participants' estimate of "appropriate" target fed funds rate • Vote by participant O Median

For year-end 2024





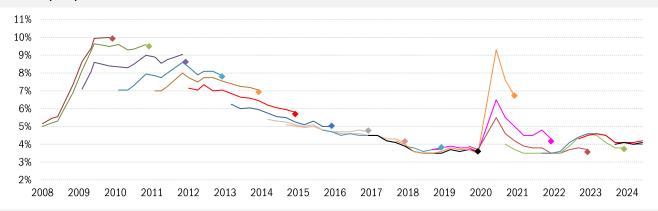




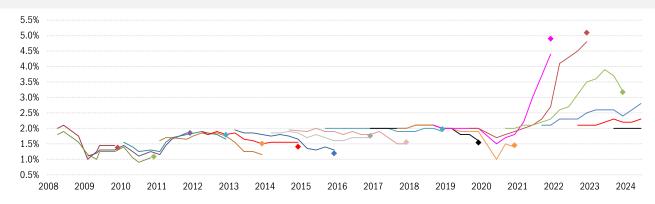
Source: Federal Reserve, TrendMacro calculations

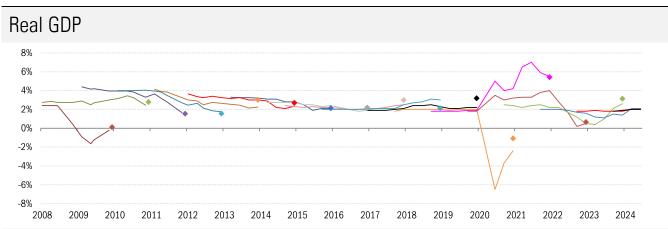


Unemployment



Core PCE inflation



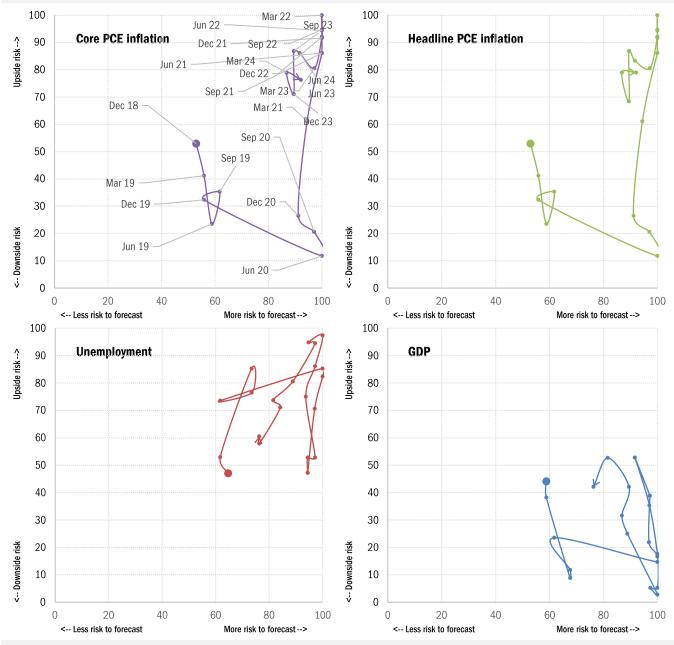


Source: Federal Reserve, BEA, BLS, TrendMacro calculations

The evolution of uncertainty

As of June FOMC

Diffusion indices from FOMC participants' risk self-assessments in **Summary of Economic Projections**



Source: Federal Reserve Board, TrendMacro calculations