

Trend Macrolytics, LLC Donald Luskin, Chief Investment Officer Thomas Demas, Managing Director Michael Warren, Energy Strategist

Data Insights: Federal Reserve

Wednesday, September 20, 2023

<u>Today's FOMC statement</u>: how the language changed from <u>prior meeting</u>

July 26 September 20, 2023

Federal Reserve issues FOMC statement

For release at 2:00 p.m. EDT

Recent indicators suggest that economic activity has been expanding at a moderatesolid pace. Job gains have been robustslowed in recent months but remain strong, and the unemployment rate has remained low. Inflation remains elevated.

The U.S. banking system is sound and resilient. Tighter credit conditions for households and businesses are likely to weigh on economic activity, hiring, and inflation. The extent of these effects remains uncertain. The Committee remains highly attentive to inflation risks.

The Committee seeks to achieve maximum employment and inflation at the rate of 2 percent over the longer run. In support of these goals, the Committee decided to raisemaintain the target range for the federal funds rate to 5-1/4 to 5-1/2 percent. The Committee will continue to assess additional information and its implications for monetary policy. In determining the extent of additional policy firming that may be appropriate to return inflation to 2 percent over time, the Committee will take into account the cumulative tightening of monetary policy, the lags with which monetary policy affects economic activity and inflation, and economic and financial developments. In addition, the Committee will continue reducing its holdings of Treasury securities and agency debt and agency mortgage-backed securities, as described in its previously announced plans. The Committee is strongly committed to returning inflation to its 2 percent objective.

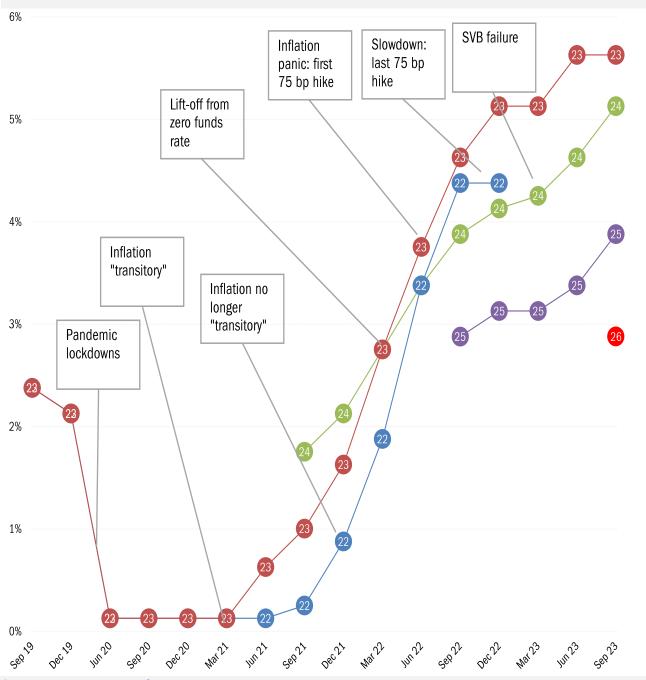
In assessing the appropriate stance of monetary policy, the Committee will continue to monitor the implications of incoming information for the economic outlook. The Committee would be prepared to adjust the stance of monetary policy as appropriate if risks emerge that could impede the attainment of the Committee's goals. The Committee's assessments will take into account a wide range of information, including readings on labor market conditions, inflation pressures and inflation expectations, and financial and international developments.

Voting for the monetary policy action were Jerome H. Powell, Chair; John C. Williams, Vice Chair; Michael S. Barr; Michelle W. Bowman; Lisa D. Cook; Austan D. Goolsbee; Patrick Harker; Philip N. Jefferson; Neel Kashkari; <u>Adriana D. Kugler;</u> Lorie K. Logan; and Christopher J. Waller.

TrendMacro analysis

Copyright 2023 Trend Macrolytics LLC. All rights reserved. This document is not to be forwarded to individuals or organizations not authorized by Trend Macrolytics LLC to receive it. For information purposes only; not to be deemed to be recommendations for buying or selling specific securities or to constitute personalized investment advice. Derived from sources deemed to be reliable, but no warranty is made as to accuracy.

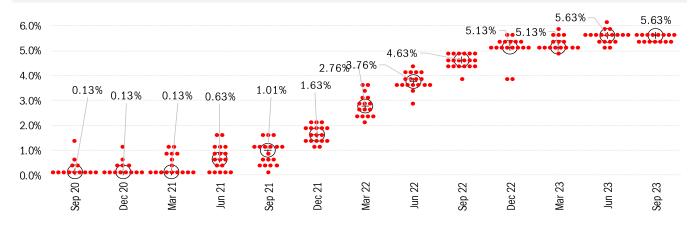
"Dot plots" of "appropriate policy path" in the pandemic funds rate cycle



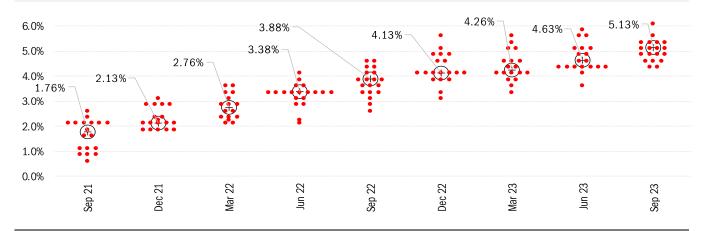
Tracking the <u>"dotplots"</u> in high-res

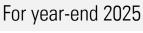
FOMC participants' estimate of "appropriate" target fed funds rate • Vote by participant O Median

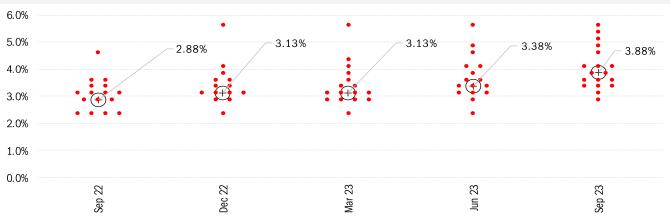
For year-end 2023



For year-end 2024

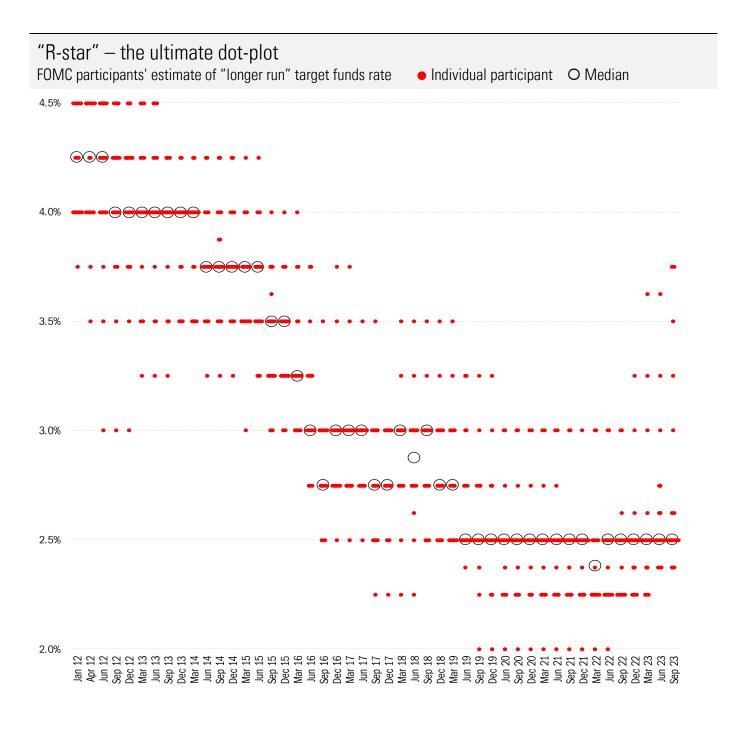




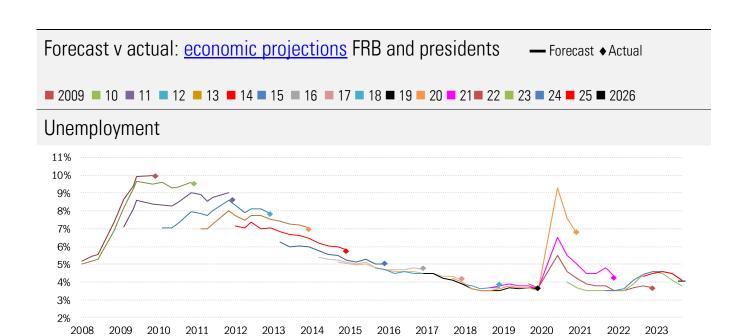


For year-end 2026

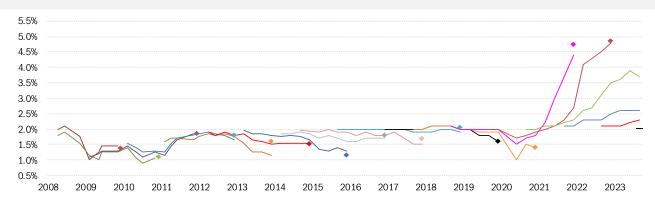


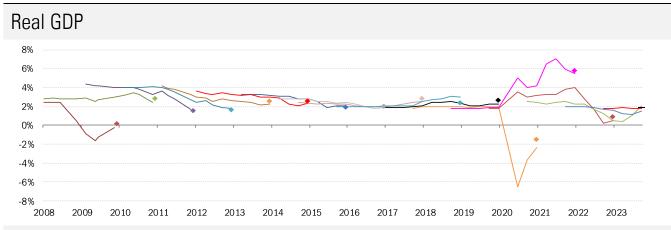


Source: Federal Reserve, TrendMacro calculations



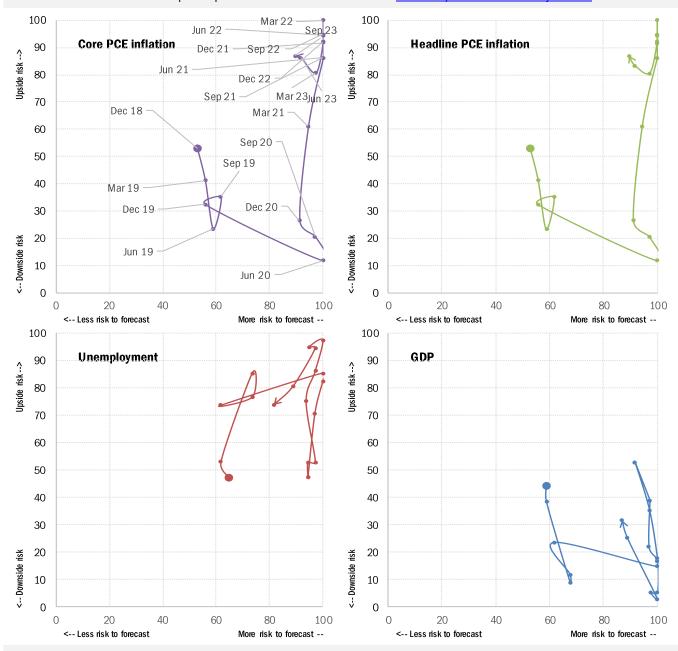
Core PCE inflation





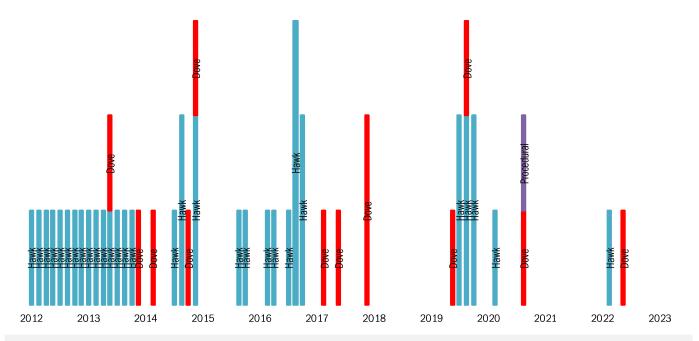
The evolution of uncertainty

Diffusion indices from FOMC participants' risk self-assessments in <u>Summary of Economic Projections</u>



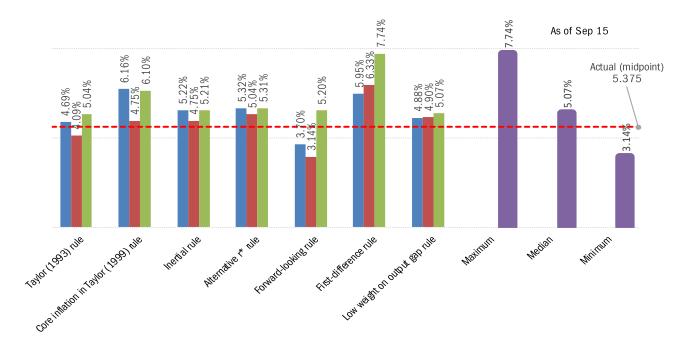
Source: Federal Reserve Board, TrendMacro calculations

Other voices: number and direction of FOMC decision dissents

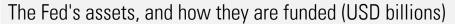


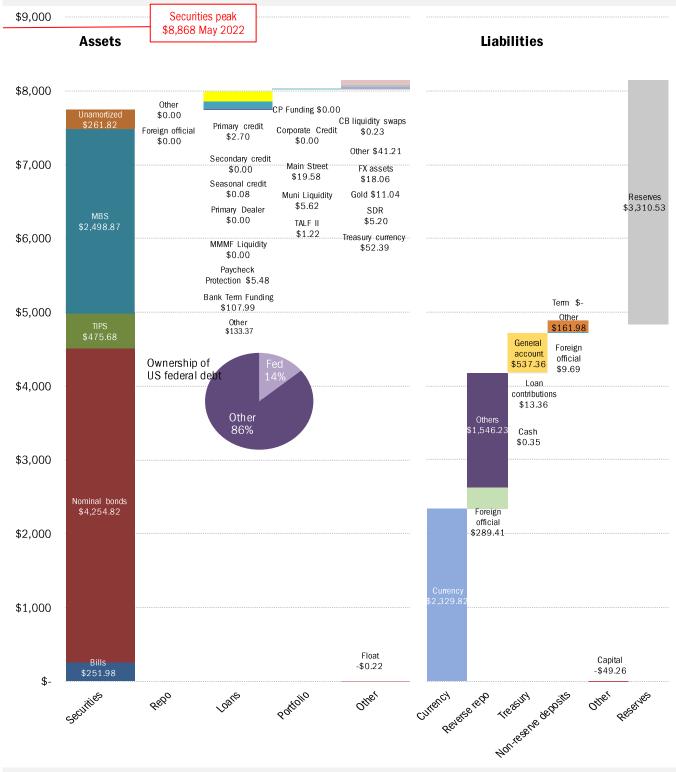
Source: FOMC, TrendMacro calculations



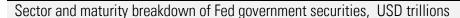


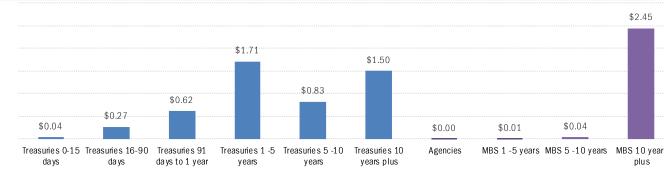
Source: Cleveland Fed, TrendMacro calculations





Source: Federal Reserve H.4, US Treasury, TrendMacro calculations

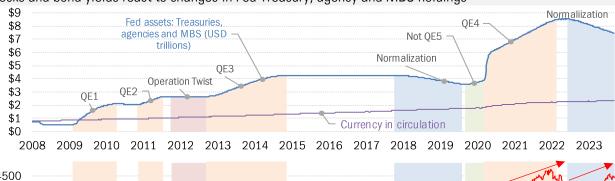




Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations

The Fed's asset purchases, and their effects on markets

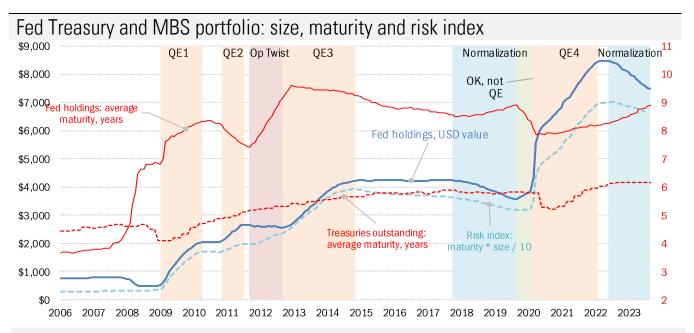
Stocks and bond yields react to changes in Fed Treasury, agency and MBS holdings



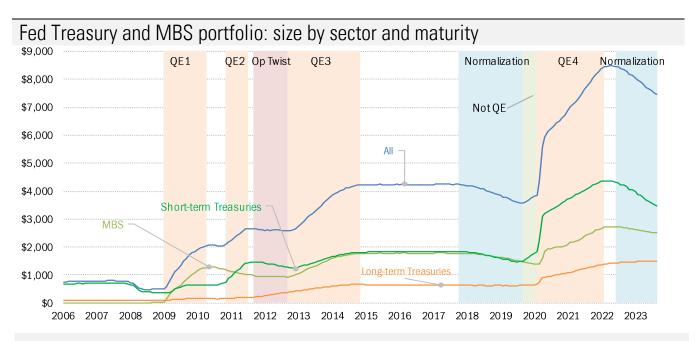




Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations



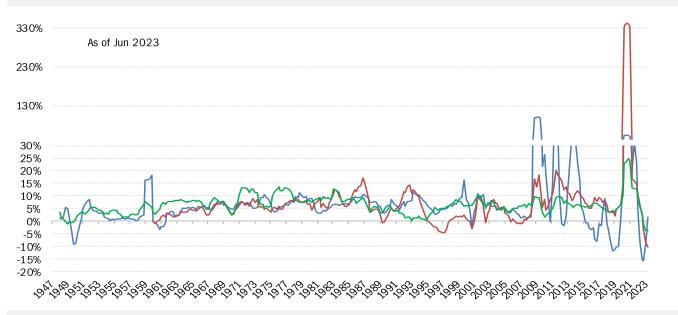
Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations



Source: Federal Reserve, Bloomberg, TrendMacro calculations

Money supply growth, YOY quarterly

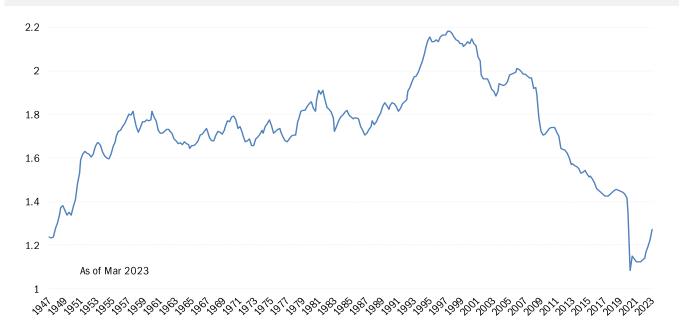
— M1 — M2 — Monetary base



Source: Federal Reserve H.6, NBER, TrendMacro calculations

Monetary velocity, quarterly

Derived from the <u>Equation of Exchange</u>: M2 * V = P * NGDP



Source: BEA, Federal Reserve H.6, NBER, TrendMacro calculations